Developing key performance indicators for airports

Tobias Andersson Granberg Ander Oquillas Munoz

EIWAC 2013





Short version

- We develop a set KPI's, which can be used for monitoring the performance of airport operations
- The airport is divided into different activity areas, and Airport KPI's are developed for each of them
 - two or three indicators are selected for each area based on previous research
- A questionnaire based survey study is performed
 - Airport managers in Sweden and Spain
 - Ranking of the initially selected indicators
- A final set of indicators are selected



Key performance indicators

- KPIs represent a set of measures focusing on those aspects of organizational performance that are the most critical for the current and future success of the organization (Parmenter, 2007)
- Used to measure the most important aspects of the airport
- May have different structure and units
 - Sometimes do not say anything by themselves
 - Compare to historical data or to equivalent measures for other airports

2013-03-01



KPI's for airports - motivation

- Airport owner: "How are we doing?"
- Manager: "Fine, fine...."

2013-03-01



Previous work

- There has been some previous work where Airport KPI's are developed, e.g.:
 - Francis et al. (2002)
 - Humphreys & Francis (2002)
 - Oum & Yu (2004)
 - Gillen & Lall (1997)
 - Enoma & Allen (2007)
- Based on their work, an initial set of KPI's is developed

2013-03-01



6

Airport activity areas

- Operations
 - Physical movements and flows
- Economy

2013-03-01

- Costs, income, profit
- Environmental issues
 - Noise, energy consumption, emissions, etc
- Safety and Security
 - Preventions and handling of accidents and threats
- Customer service
 - Passenger satisfaction



| Initial selection of KPI's | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|---|--|--|
| Activity Area | KPI's | Activity Area | KPI's | | |
| Airport Operations | 1.Turnaround times in the apron/gate area 2.Arrival Inbound efficiency 3.Departure Outbound efficiency 4.Temporal distribution of demand by time- of-day 5.Total traffic in terms of aircraft movements 6.Runway occupancy times by type of aircraft 7.Taxiing times from runways to apron/gates and vice-versa 8.Baggage delivery time 9.Number of runways and taxiways simultaneously in use | Airport Environ- mental Issues | Energy consumption Number of contamination events Waste recycling (tons) Area affected by aircraft noise Number of breaches of noise limits Share of journeys that use public transport | | |
| | | Airport Safety and Security | Number of aircraft safety incidents Number of incidents at security checkpoints Time between shut-down and reopening in case of security breach Time it takes to business operations to begin in case of evacuation Taken time and grade of destruction when returning to normality | | |
| Airport Economy | 1.Income per passenger 2.Traffic income per passenger 3.Non-aeronautical income per passenger 4.Staff cost per passenger 5.Revenue per expenditure ratio 6.Commercial income per square meter of floorspace 7.Expenditure per passenger 8.Contribution per WLU | Airport Customer Service | Check-in waiting and processing times Security control waiting and processing times Amount and duration of delays | | |



Questionnaire based survey

- Airport managers in Sweden and Spain ranked the KPI's in the initial set
- Survey sent to 45
 Swedish and 45
 Spanish airport
 - Valid answers from eight Swedish and four Spanish airports

Tobias Andersson Granberg

2013-03-01



| Rankning of KPI's | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Activity Area | KPI's | Activity Area | KPI's | | | |
| Airport Operations | Turnaround times in the apron/gate area Arrival Inbound efficiency Departure Outbound efficiency Temporal distribution of demand by time- of-day Total traffic in terms of aircraft movements Runway occupancy times by type of aircraft Taxiing times from runways to apron/gates and vice-versa Baggage delivery time Number of runways and taxiways simultaneously in use | Airport Environ- mental Issues | 1.Energy consumption 2.Number of contamination events 3.Waste recycling (tons) 4.Area affected by aircraft noise 5.Number of breaches of noise limits 6.Share of journeys that use public transport | | | |
| | | Airport Safety and Security | Number of aircraft safety incidents Number of incidents at security checkpoints Time between shut-down and reopening in case of security breach Time it takes to business operations to begin in case of evacuation Taken time and grade of destruction when returning to normality | | | |
| Airport Economy | 1.Income per passenger 2.Traffic income per passenger 3.Non-aeronautical income per passenger 4.Staff cost per passenger 5.Revenue per expenditure ratio 6.Commercial income per square meter of floorspace 7.Expenditure per passenger 8.Contribution per WLU | Airport Customer Service | Check-in waiting and processing times Security control waiting and processing times Amount and duration of delays Quality of signage/ease to find the way Baggage waiting time. | | | |



Comments from airport managers

- Ranking will vary between small and large airports
- Indicators should be related to volume
 - Income per employee
 - Energy consumption per passenger
 - Incidents per movement
- KPI's measuring delays should also include information about the cause
- Since airports vary in terms of finance, production models, etc, it is very difficult to draw any conclusions from a general set (but good luck)

2013-03-01

Tobias Andersson Granberg

10



Final selection of KPI's

- The set should span the whole airport
- The use of the indicators must be intuitive and they must be easy to understand
- There should be a small number of indicators, for it to be possible to monitor information rapidly

2013-03-01



| Final set of KPI's | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Activity Area | KPI's | Activity Area | KPI's | | | |
| Airport Operations | Turnaround times in the apron/gate area: average T/A times | Airport Environmental Issues | Energy consumption: used for benchmarks and to analyze trends Number of contamination events: e.g. leakage of de-icing fluid | | | |
| | Arrival Inbound efficiency: arrival delay caused by airport Departure Outbound efficiency: departure delays caused by airport | Airport Safety and Security | Number of aircraft safety incidents: should be traced to cause Number of incidents at security checkpoints: have to be compered against security enhancements | | | |
| Airport Economy | Income per passenger: total annual income / pax Traffic income per passenger: income for aeronautical activity / pax | Airport Customer Service | Check-in waiting and processing times: important level of service parameters Security control waiting and processing times: should be in line with airport ambitions | | | |



Conclusions

- We have developed a manageable set of indicators that can be used to monitor the airport and quickly get information when some process or area fails to live up to the desired standard
 - Comparison with other airports (benchmarking)
 - Analyzing the development of the airport over time
- Have not yet been tested operationally
- Selection based on a predefined set
 - Respondents could suggest their on KPI's
- Next step: implement and test for at least two airports

2013-03-01