

The Current System Is Not Performing Adequately

Worst-ever July for air traffic The Boston Globe delays

By Bloomberg News | September 5, 2007

WASHINGTON - US airlines had the worst July for flight delays on record, as only 70 percent of flights arrived on time amid bad weather and a surge in traffic.

- Delays are mounting
- Gate-to-gate time is up for all flights
- Although demand is down it remains up in already congested markets

The problems are worse in the highest density airspace

Bush on travel woes: 'We've got a problem' President tasks transportation boss to ensure passengers treated fairly

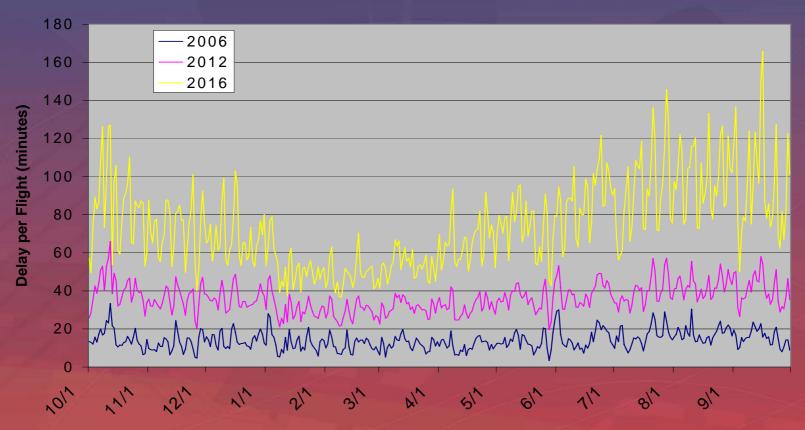


Planes from US Airways and Virgin Atlantic wait between terminals one and two





If We Do Nothing... Delays Will Grow*



Delays projected using ATO Network Forecasts Assumes weather in 2012 and 2016 the same as 2006 * Projections assume no capacity improvements





Delays Cost Billions

A May-2008 report by the Joint Economic Committee Majority Staff found that, "Air traffic delays cost the U.S. economy up to \$41 billion in 2007"

Airline Operating Costs	Value of Passenger Time	Spillover Costs to the Economy	Total
\$19.1 Billion	\$12.0 Billion	\$9.6 Billion	\$40.7 Billion

Delayed flights consumed about 740 million additional gallons of jet fuel Almost 20 % of total domestic flight time in 2007 was wasted in delay

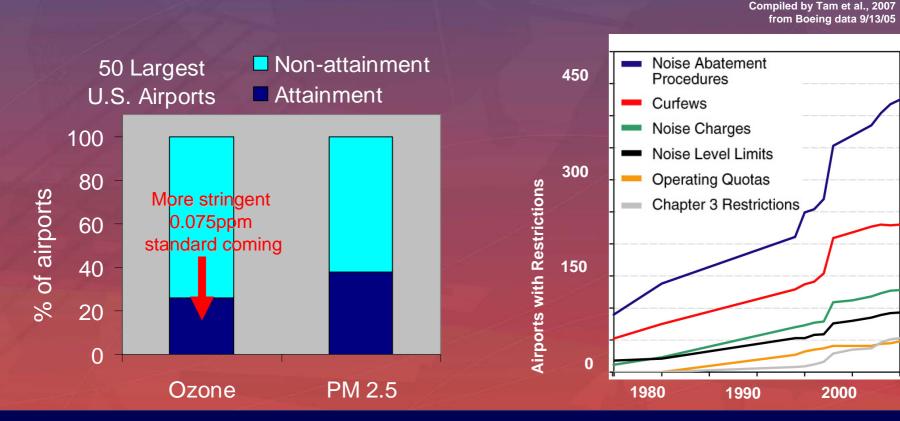
"The economic costs of air traffic delays to the U.S. economy are large and far-reaching. As air traffic has grown over the last two decades, the number of domestic flights and air flight delays has reached record levels. Increasing flight delays and cancellations are placing a significant strain on the U.S. air travel system and costing both passengers and airlines billions of dollars each year."





Environmental Constraints

Trends show that environmental impacts from aircraft noise and emissions will be a critical constraint on NAS capacity and flexibility -- unless managed & mitigated







NextGen: Improving Service Delivery

Today's NAS

Ground-based Navigation and Surveillance Air Traffic Control Communications By Voice

Disconnected Information Systems

Air Traffic "Control"

Fragmented Weather Forecasting
Airport Operations Limited By Visibility
Conditions

Forensic Safety Systems



NextGen

Satellite-based Navigation and Surveillance

Clearance Trajectories and Routine Information Sent Digitally

Information More Readily Accessible

Air Traffic "Management"

Forecasts Embedded into Decisions

Operations Continue Into Lower Visibility Conditions

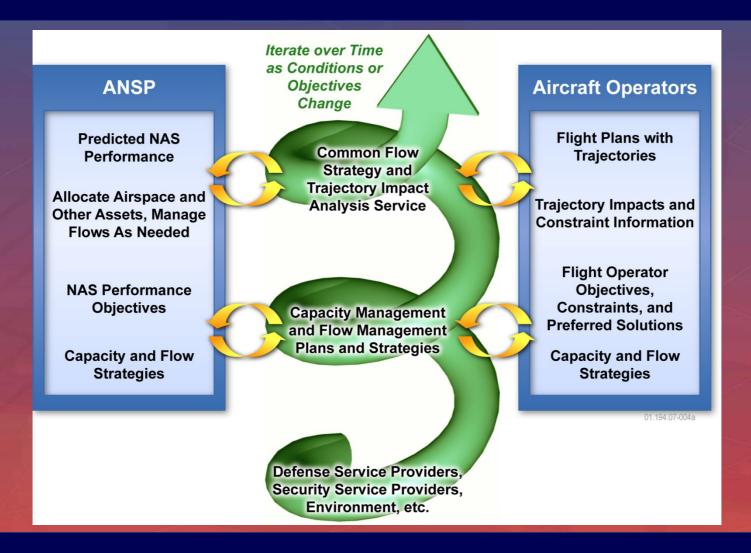
Prognostic Safety Systems







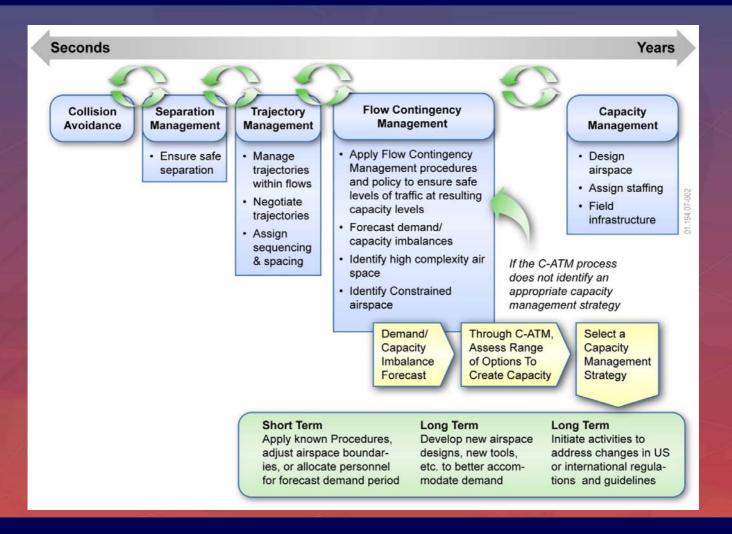
Collaborative ATM Among ANSP & Operators







ATM Decisions—Interactive and Integrated Across Time Horizons







Concept Harmonization

- The NextGen and SESAR concept are based on the ICAO Global Concept
 - Continue to evolve the guidance through the ATMRPP
- NextGen and SESAR are working towards
 - Holding a series of technical interchange meetings to compare concepts, architectures and performance objectives
- Shared Demonstration
 - Atlantic Interoperability Initiative to Reduce Emissions





FAA's NextGen Implementation Plan

Focus on integration and execution

- Leverage capabilities of existing systems & avionics for near-term impact
- Advance capabilities for the mid-term



Airport Development

- OEP Airports
- OEP Metro Areas

Air Traffic Operations

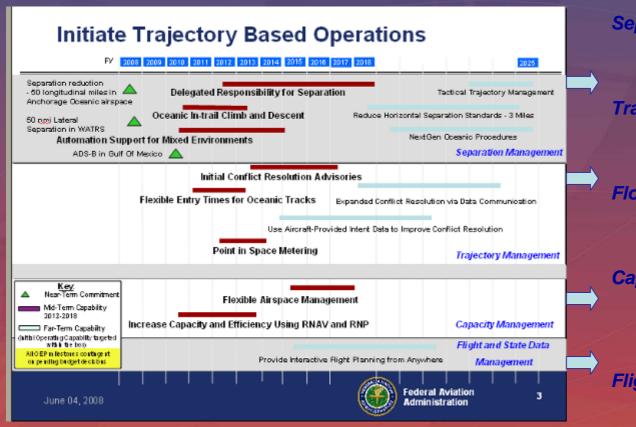
- Initiate Trajectory-based Operations
- Increase Arrivals and Departures at High Density Airports
- Increase Flexibility in the Terminal Environment
- Improve Collaborative Air Traffic Management
- Reduce Weather Impact
- Improve Safety, Security and Environmental Performance
- Transform Facilities

Aircraft & Operator Requirements





NextGen Implementation Timelines Portfolio – Operational Level Descriptions



NextGen Integration and Implementation Office

Separation Management

Separation between aircraft, airspace and terrain

Conflict Management

Trajectory Management

Provide the most efficient "flow" of aircraft

Fraffic Synchronization

Flow Contingency Management

Manage demand with flow exceed capacity (Strategic Flow)

Demand Capacity Balancing

Capacity Management

Airspace Design and Management

Airspace Organization and Management

Flight and State Data

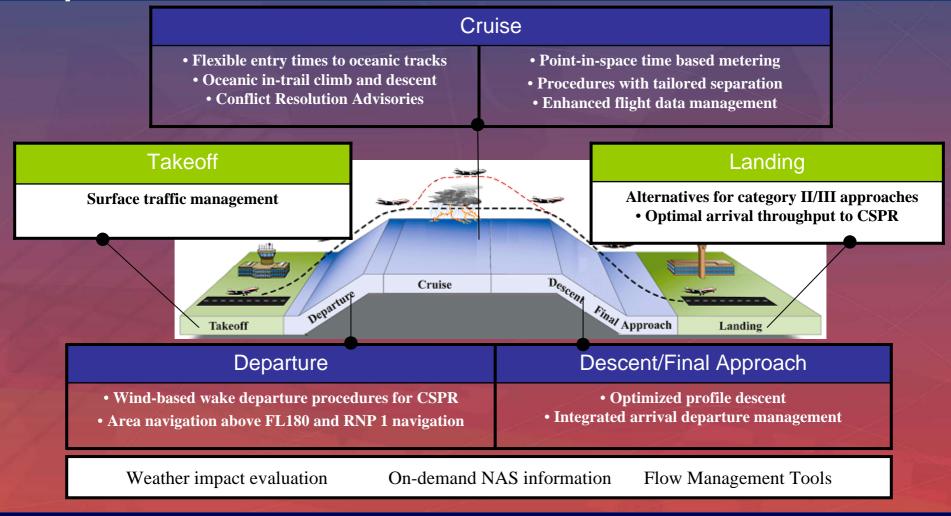
Safe and Efficient Flight Planning and Execution

Information Management





Summary Mid-Term (2012-2018) Top Level View

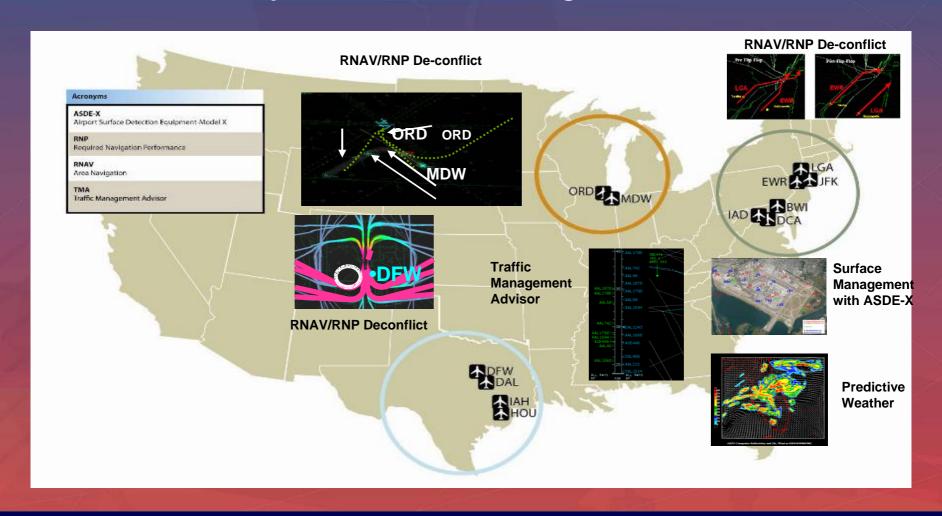






Near-Term: Today – 2012

Maximize current capabilities while enabling mid-term infrastructure







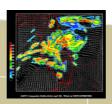
Mid-Term: 2013-2018

Capabilities enabled by today's actions





- Surface Moving Map
- Merging & Spacing
- Paired Approaches
- Closely Spaced **Parallel Operations**



Integrated **Predictive** Weather

RNAV/RNP



Traffic Management Advisor



Air-Ground Data Communications



Navigation **Routes Between Major City Pairs**

Acronyms

Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast

Cockpit Display of Traffic Information

Surface Traffic Management System

Traffic Management Advisor



Low Visibility Tower Operations

> Improved Service to Non-Radar **Areas**



Integrated **Arrival/Departure** Management

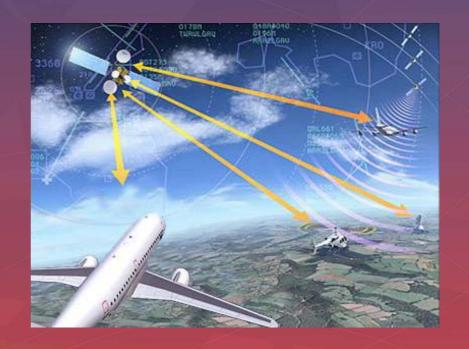






NextGen Transformational Programs form the Foundation for Mid-term Capabilities & Beyond

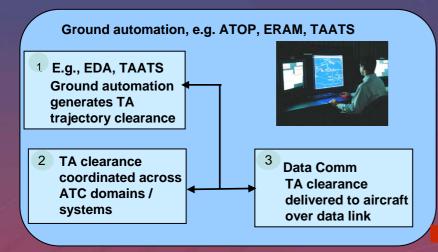
- Automatic Dependent Surveillance Broadcast (ADS-B)
- System Wide Information Management (SWIM)
- Data Communications
- NextGen Network Enabled Weather (NNEW)
- NAS Voice Switch (NVS)

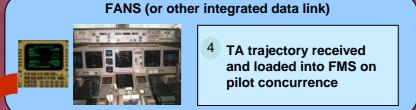






DemonstrationsTailored Arrivals (TAs) Demonstration







5 TA trajectory flown with FMS

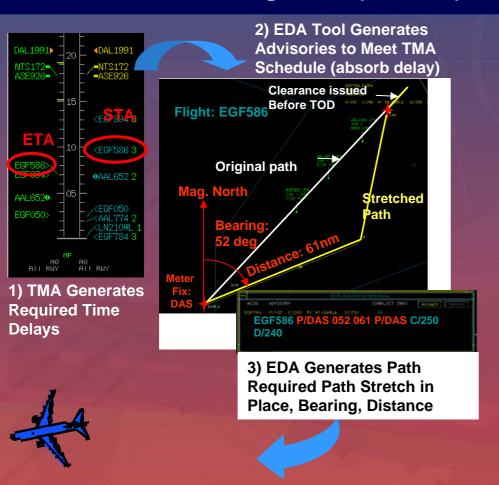
- Initiative: Integrate automation tools and Data Comm to provide cleared trajectory path, which is uplinked to the aircraft and flown by Flight Management System (FMS) *
- Benefits:
 - 400/600 LBS of fuel reduction per arrival in end-state
 - Reduced fuel burn and environmental footprint
- Partners: NASA Ames, Boeing, Sensis,
 American Air Lines & European
 Partners/Carriers
- Schedule: FY08 Live Flight Trials at MIA (Sept)
- Domain: Terminal
- NextGen Solution Set: High Density, Safety, Security & Environment

* Supporting Atlantic Interoperability Initiative to Reduce Emissions (AIRE)





Demonstrations 3D Path Arrival Management (3D PAM)



4) Controller issues clearance (initially via voice). Pilot loads in FMS, then flies via RNAV/RNP

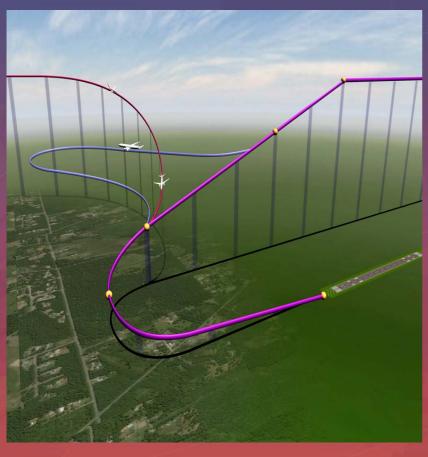
- Initiative: Move toward 4-D Trajectory Management; aircraft executes TMA plan
- Benefit: Move from controller-based to aircraft centric 4-D Trajectory Management
- Approach: Conduct live trials at DEN; integrate enhancements to TMA with FMS equipage
- Partners: NASA Ames, Boeing, Sensis, Continental, AAL
- Schedule:
 - FY08 Human-in-the-Loop Simulation
 - FY09 Live Flight Trials at DEN
- NextGen Solution Set: High Density





Demonstrations

Continuous Descent Arrivals (CDA)



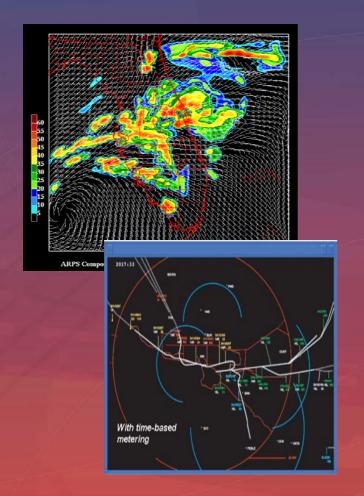
- Initiative: Uses Area Navigation (RNAV) / Required Navigation Performance (RNP) arrivals with optimized vertical profile
- Benefit:
 - 200 to 400 LBS of fuel per arrival
 - Reduced noise and emissions
- Partners: American Air Lines, Delta, European Partners/Carriers, Georgia Tech, MITRE
- Schedule:
 - ATL Flight Test May 08
 - MIA Flight Test July 08
- Domain: Terminal
- NextGen Solution Set: High Density, Safety, Security & Environment





Demonstrations

Improved Weather Detection / Prediction Integrated with Traffic Management Advisor (TMA)



- Initiative: Improve weather detection and prediction, pass to TMA via System-Wide Information Management (SWIM) network
- Benefits: Expand use of TMA during convective weather periods
- Partners: Embry-Riddle, Lockheed Martin, CSC, ENSCO
- Approach: Conduct Advanced Concept
 Technology Development (ACTD) to demonstrate
 integrated capability also possible partnership
- Schedule: FY08 Demonstration September 2008
- Domain: Terminal / En Route
- NextGen Solution Set: Reduced Weather Impact, Safety, Security & Environment





NextGen...

Applying 21st Century technology to transform our aviation system -

expanding capacity, enhancing safety and security, and protecting the environment.



